

## WILSON TAKES STRIKE TO CONGRESS

HUNGARY DUE  
FOR INVASION  
PARIS HEARS

Rumania and Italy Praised  
by Entente for Decla-  
ration of War.

## BERLIN NOT ALARMED

Feeling in Germany Is That  
One Foe More or Less  
Makes No Difference.

London, Aug. 29, (2:45 p. m.)—Desperate fighting on the border between Rumania and Hungary is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Berne, Switzerland. The Rumanians, the message says, are making furious efforts to capture the important mountain passes.

Paris, Aug. 28, (6:01 a. m.)—The Bucharest correspondent of the Petit Journal wires that he is informed that Bulgaria has decided not to declare war on Rumania, even though that country permits the passage through it of Russian troops.

The invasion of Hungary by Rumanians and Rumanians is not only possible, says Lieutenant Colonel Rossetti, the military critic of La Liberté, but it is imminent.

President Poincaré has sent congratulatory telegrams to the kings of Rumania and Italy upon the recent declarations of war issued by those two countries. Premier Briand sent similar telegrams to Premier Brătianu of Rumania, Premier Boselli of Italy, and Premier Salandra of Greece. President Poincaré's telegram to King Ferdinand reads:

"At the time when the Rumanian people are answering the appeal of their oppressed brothers and entering resolutely upon a glorious war in which they find assurance of realizing their national aspirations, I beg your majesty to accept for himself and for his noble country, France's most cordial wishes."

Premier Briand's message to Premier Brătianu says the entire French nation "applauds the decision by which Rumania courageously takes its place among the defenders of the cause of right and of civilization."

Berlin Calm in Crisis.

Berlin, Aug. 28, 5 p. m. (via London, Aug. 29, 3:15 a. m.)—Bulgaria undoubtedly will follow Germany's lead in declaring war on Rumania, in the opinion of Count Ernst von Reventlow, naval expert of the Tages Zeitung. Von Reventlow writes:

"It may be assumed with certainty that Germany and her allies, having counted upon Rumania's participation in the war and have taken measures in advance. In view of the geographical situation, the presumption is permissible that military developments are imminent. It was certain that the German empire would regard the cause of its Austro-Hungarian allies as its own. All considerations of Rumania undoubtedly will do the same."

The Vossische Zeitung asserts that "the meddling of Rumania in the war means for Bulgaria a new military and political objective."

The people of Berlin received, with remarkable calmness and resignation, the announcement of Rumania's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary and the German government's step in recalling its minister to Bucharest and declaring that a state of war existed between the two countries.

The situation was discussed tonight in all cafes, and the feeling that one foe more or less makes no difference. The announcement that Rumanians had been taken prisoner was greeted with general satisfaction.

Meanwhile Berlin has a little Rumanian mystery of its own. Thus far it has been impossible to locate Dr. Beljman, the Rumanian minister.

Rumanians Left in Dark.

Since early morning the Rumanian consulate and legation have been besieged by Rumanian residents of Berlin to whom the declaration of war came like a bomb out of blue sky. Rumanians crowding the legation spoke

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MAN RACES TRAIN,  
LIFE CRUSHED OUT

John Adams, Vandalia Traveling  
Salesman, Killed by C. & E. L.  
Passenger Engine.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 29.—John Adams, a traveling salesman of Vandalia, Ill., enroute to Alvin, Ill., with Jesse Summers in an automobile, was struck by a Chicago and Eastern Illinois passenger train near Alvin this morning and instantly killed. Adams was driving the machine and tried to beat the engine to the crossing. Summers was not slightly injured and refused to be brought to Danville in an ambulance.

YOUNG KNOX WANTS  
DIVORCE FROM WIFE

Mrs. Philander C. Knox, Jr., son of the ex-secretary of state, has been living in Reno, Nevada, since early spring, his identity unknown and establishing his residence there that he might divorce his wife. The two had separated two years ago. Mrs. Knox, who was formerly Miss May Boller, a shopgirl of Providence, R. I., suspects that detectives have watched her for some while.

Boy Bandit  
Kills Officer  
By Shooting

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Howard O'Hara, 18 years old, a juvenile offender on probation, last night shot a policeman who attempted to arrest him on a charge of stealing automobiles.

Joseph Culbertson, the policeman, is in the hospital seriously wounded. Young O'Hara is a member of a gang of "boy bandits" arrested last winter charged with a series of robberies. He was released under the juvenile probation law. Last Sunday his cousin, Patrick O'Hara, was killed in a collision while driving a stolen automobile.

Culbertson attempted to take young O'Hara from a street car when the youthful bandit drew his revolver and fired. He was captured by the conductor and passengers.

SHIPS IN ACTIVE  
FIGHTING SERVICE

Strength of Fleet in Naval War Game  
Includes Twenty-Eight  
Battleships.

Washington, Aug. 29.—During the naval war game last week there were 28 battleships, eight cruisers, 22 destroyers, a scout cruiser, 13 submarines, four submarine tenders and six auxiliary naval vessels in active commission on the Atlantic coast. Three other battleships, the Nebraska, Oregon and Nevada, also were fit for active service. All these ships now are in a state of "material readiness for war," according to Rear Admiral Benson, chief of operations.

## THE WAR TODAY

The entry of Rumania into the war on the side of the entente allies still overshadows other developments today. Already the Rumanian troops are seeking entry into the plains of Transylvania through the eastern Carpathians, evidently in an endeavor to press northward and take in the rear of the Austro-German troops who are trying to hold back the Russians from entering the plains of Hungary. It is estimated that the Rumanians can put one million men into the field.

Except in Macedonia, little fighting of an important character has been reported from any of the fronts.

Fighting on the Somme has consisted mostly of bombardments and mine operations.

From the Riga region to the Carpathian passes, isolated battles have occurred between Russians and the Germans.

Hard fighting between the Russians and Turks in the Lake Van region and north of Bitlis is in progress.

The Austrians are bombarding Italian positions along the Isonzo front.

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FRENCH LINE  
ADVANCED ON  
VERDUN SIDE

Paris Reports Enemy Is Everywhere on the Defensive.

## VENIZELOS IS BITTER

Former Greek Premier Says  
Action in Favor of Bulgaria Was Criminal.

Paris, Aug. 29, (11:50 a. m.)—On the Verdun front last night French troops made progress near Thiaumont works, the war office announced today. German attacks in the vicinity of Fleury and Vaux forts were repulsed.

"On the Somme, as at Verdun, we are leading in the offensive and dominating the adversary," says an official note reviewing last week's operations on the French front.

"There is not a point in the general theatre of operations where the enemy is not actually reduced to the defensive," continues the note. "Action which we have undertaken continues despite the resistance or reaction of the enemy."

Comment on Venizelos.

Athens, Sunday, Aug. 27, 7:10 p. m. (via London, Aug. 29, 11:05 a. m.)—Commenting on the Bulgarian occupation of Kavala, former Premier Venizelos said to the Associated Press correspondent:

"I predicted that the Bulgarians' assurances that they would not occupy Kavala would not hold good five days. They lasted just four days. 'Can you conceive anything more criminal in a military sense than the action of the Greek general staff in demobilizing three army corps and leaving the entire artillery and other supplies behind to fall into the hands of the Bulgarians?'"

The French official announcement of Saturday, Aug. 26, stated that the Bulgarians had occupied all the forts at Kavala, except one.

Greek King on Sick List.

Paris, Aug. 29, (9:35 a. m.)—A Havas dispatch from Athens says King Constantine was unable to receive yesterday a delegation of the Greek liberal party which had asked for an audience, as the king still was suffering from a slight operation which he underwent on Sunday.

King Constantine is suffering the effects of the removal in June last of a portion of his teeth, made necessary by an attack of pleurisy.

Berlin Sees Greece in War.

London, Aug. 29, (12:49 p. m.)—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from The Hague says Germany is making preparations for the eventual entry of Greece into the war, which German diplomatic circles regard as certain. Many Greeks have departed from Germany and tomorrow the Greek minister in Berlin is to be received by Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg.

Italians Meet Repulse.

Berlin, Aug. 29, (via wires to Saville.)—Heavy fighting continues near Monte Cauro, in the Cila valley. The repulse of Italian troops which succeeded in penetrating temporarily the Austrian positions is reported in the official Austrian announcement of Aug. 28.

SHOOP IS BETTER  
AT LAST REPORTS

Injured Superintendent of Chicago  
Schools Regains Consciousness  
and Recognizes Wife.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 29.—John D. Shoop suffered intensely all night long, but early this morning his condition improved. Mrs. Shoop arrived at 2:30 this morning from Washington Courthouse, Ohio, where she had been visiting.

Mrs. Shoop at 10:30 a. m. was much improved, according to the nurse in charge. The superintendent is conscious of the presence of his wife and she has cheered him during the morning hours.

Chicago Strike Grows in Size

More Freight Handlers to Number of  
500 Join Walkout in Local  
Railroad Yards.

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HIS TROOPS SOON TO  
ENTER THE BIG WAR

Rumania's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary immediately followed a recent meeting of the crown council at Bucharest. King Ferdinand, the kaiser's cousin, is prepared to throw 500,000 trained soldiers into the field in aid of the allies. Rumania's sympathy with France has long inclined her to this action.

Leaps From  
River Boat;  
Is Drowned

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 29.—Miss Minnie Wilson, member of a prominent family, committed suicide early today by leaping from a boat into the Mississippi river outside the La Crosse harbor.

She had been making a trip from her home in Mediapolis, Iowa, to St. Paul, on a boat operating between St. Louis and St. Paul. A traveling companion made an unsuccessful effort to prevent the suicide. The body has not yet been recovered.

Miss Wilson was 35 years of age and acted as housekeeper for two brothers in Mediapolis. They believe she walked into the river while asleep.

JUDGE PUTNAM OUT  
OF BOSTON & MAINE

Boston, Aug. 29.—United States Circuit Judge William L. Putnam today withdrew from the Boston and Maine railroad receivership proceedings because of a bill filed by counsel for minority stockholders, which, according to Judge Putnam, attacked the integrity of the court. Judge Putnam further ordered that the bill be sent to the office of the federal district attorney for investigation by the grand jury.

James H. Hustie, president of the Boston and Maine, was appointed temporary receiver of the road.

## THE STRIKE ORDER

(Special to The Argus.)

Washington, Aug. 29.—The strike order issued by the railroad brotherhoods, and only required confirmation to be put in effect. It cannot, therefore, be designated as a "secret order" or of taking any advantage of the pending negotiations. It simply means that the brotherhoods mean what they say, and are prepared to strike, if all efforts to avoid the strike fail.

Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, Aug. 14, 1916.—To All Local Chairmen, Members and Others Employed in Classes of Service Represented by the R. of L. E. B. of L. F. and E. O. R. C. and B. R. T.—Sirs and Brothers:

This is to advise that the vote of the employees in train and engine service on the eight-hour day and time and one-half for overtime proposition was overwhelmingly in favor of a strike.

Notwithstanding this, your representatives have been unable to effect a satisfactory settlement, and a strike under the laws of the respective organizations becomes effective on Sept. 4, 1916, at 7 a. m.

Impart this information so that those interested will understand that they are promptly to obey.

Fraternally yours,  
General Chairman,  
R. E.

DEFENSES OF  
NATION GAIN  
BY MEASURE

President Signs Army and  
Navy Bill as Large Factors  
for Preparedness.

## NOTABLE GATHERING

Philippine Bill Also Receives  
Signature of Executive in  
Committees' Presence.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson today completed the administrative preparedness legislative program by signing the army and navy appropriation bills. He also signed the Philippines bill and the new uniform bill of lading law. He was surrounded by chairmen and members of the house and senate committees and army and navy officers.

"I think that the whole country will feel," said President Wilson, "that this congress has accomplished a very remarkable part of the program of national defense. This bill that I have signed for the army is merely the appropriation bill. It is not the bill by which we reorganized the army, of course you understand; but it does carry with it a very much needed revision of the articles of war, and it does mean that the finances of the nation are to stand behind the reorganization of the army and its use for adequate national defense."

"The navy bill is a very remarkable measure. Never before by one single act of legislation has so much been done for the creation of an adequate defense."

The Raynor and Babbs bank lost \$8,500 and the Citizens' bank \$4,500. It was necessary for the banks to have money shipped in from Danville and Chicago this morning before they could open for business. One dollar was left in the vaults at Raynor bank, while \$30 in cash was picked up in front of the other bank after the robbery was discovered.

The gang cut all wires except that of the interurban line, which were overlooked, otherwise it would not have been possible for Homer people to get in communication with outside cities and spread the alarm.

It was evident that the plans for the robbery had been well laid, as the two explosions were simultaneous, the doors being blown off in each instance. The explosion did not awaken the town, only two or three people having heard it, and but one man saw the robbers making their getaway with the booty. The car went in a westerly direction and came from the east at midnight.

The postmaster at Homer had placed all the government money he had on hand in the Citizens' bank last night and the town was absolutely without money until the arrival of a supply from Danville after the banks here had opened.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Detectives guarded all railroads and roads leading into Chicago today in a hunt for the safe blowers who dynamited two banks at Homer, Ill. Police believe the robbery was committed by Chicago men.

HUGHES HAS HIGH  
CLIMB ON TRAIL

Estes Park, Colo., Aug. 29.—Charles E. Hughes today took luncheon above timber line on Long's Peak. He was the guest of Enos Mills, Colorado naturalist. Mr. Hughes left the hotel early in the forenoon and climbed the tortuous trail to an altitude of 11,000 feet above sea level.

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for  
Rock Island, Davenport, Moline  
and Vicinity

Probably fair tonight and Wednesday; cooler Wednesday.

Highest temperature yesterday, 78; lowest last night, 56; at 7 a. m., 59.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., three miles an hour.

Humidity at 7 p. m., 39; at 7 a. m., 59; at 1 o'clock today, 33.

Stage of water, 3.2 feet with no change from yesterday.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

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COXEY SAYS HE'LL  
GET INTO SENATE

General Jacob S. Coxey, famous as head of the "Coxey's army" of unemployed that marched to Washington more than twenty years ago, declares he is sure he will be elected to the U. S. senate in November. Coxey is touring Ohio urging "costless preparedness" by issuance of new currency to meet the expense.

After Piece  
of Morrison  
Golden Pile

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Piles of old court records, dusty documents and aged yellowed letters were stacked before Federal Judge Landis when he resumed inquiry today into the wasted millions of Edward W. Morrison.

Some of the letters and records are said to be from bartenders, policemen, from doctors, and many from underworld characters who sought to part the 30-year-old man, whose fortune is estimated at from \$3,000,000 to \$8,000,000, from his money.

The records and letters were obtained in a search of Morrison's quaint old two-story home.

DATE FOR MEXICAN  
MEET NOT KNOWN

Washington, Aug. 29.—With Portsmouth, N. H., selected as the meeting place of the Joint American-Mexican commission to settle border problems, only the date of the conference remained today to be determined upon.

This will be decided at a preliminary meeting of the commissioners in New York next Monday at which Secretary Lansing and Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate, will be present.

CULBERTSON LEAD  
FOR SENATE SAFE

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 29.—With practically all returns in from Saturday's run-off election, indications are that Senator Charles A. Culbertson would be returned to Washington. He has a safe lead over Governor O. B. Colquitt.

NORWAY STEAMER  
GOES TO BOTTOM

Christiania, Norway, Aug. 29, (via London, 11:20 a. m.)—The Norwegian steamship Isdalen, formerly the Tyr, has been sunk. Her crew was saved.

HERE IS SITUATION

Washington, Aug. 29.—A summary of developments in the strike situation today follows:

Negotiations between the railroad and the brotherhoods through President Wilson were definitely broken off.

The brotherhood leaders definitely ordered the strike to begin at 7 a. m. Labor day unless the order is countermanded and declared that only a settlement favorable to the men could change it.

The president went before congress in joint session at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon with proposals for new laws to prevent the strike. The latest authentic outline of the proposals is as follows:

An eight-hour law for railroad employees in actual interstate transportation.

To empower the federal board of mediation to fully investigate operation of an eight-hour day on railroads.

To empower the interstate commerce commission to consider the eight-hour day in connection with making rates.

A measure similar to the Canadian industrial disputes act for an investigation of all disputes between railroads and their employees.

A measure empowering the president to operate trains with the primary object of providing the American troops on the Mexican border with food.

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WALK OUT IS  
NOW SET FOR  
NEXT MONDAY

President Wilson Goes Before Congress With Final  
Statement of Facts.

## ASKS HELP IN CRISIS

Union Leaders Have Fixed  
Upon Labor Day as Limit  
of Men's Waiting.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson laid the threatened railway strike situation before congress at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in an address to both houses assembled in joint session. The president told congress of his efforts to bring the railroad managers and the men into some sort of agreement and saying he was powerless to do more, he asked congress to enact specific legislation to deal with the situation now and in the future.

Just before the president went to address congress it became known that the strike leaders had positively called the strike for Labor day unless a favorable settlement was reached before and that the negotiations between the managers and men had been broken off.

Representatives of the railway managers and of the brotherhoods heard the president make his address.

The four brotherhood heads were guests of Speaker Clark in his gallery; other leaders of the men were in other galleries, and the railway managers were scattered about. The senate and marched over to the house chamber and the joint session was seated and ready for the president at 2:30 p. m. Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by the ambassador to Great Britain, Walter Hines Page, and the ambassador to France, William G. Sharp, was in the president's reserved space. Several members of the cabinet, including Secretaries Lansing, Wilson, Baker and some justices of the supreme court were present.

A committee consisting of Representatives Kitchin, Fitzgerald and Mann, and Senators Kern, Simmons and Smoot, escorted the president into the chamber. He was greeted with uproarious cheers as he entered.

President Wilson shook hands with Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall while the applause and cheering continued. He began speaking at 2:33 o'clock.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson laid the threatened railway strike before congress today in an address to both houses assembled in joint session. He spoke as follows:

"I have come to you to seek your assistance in dealing with a very grave situation which has arisen out of the demand of the employees of the railroads engaged in freight train service that they be granted an eight hour working day, safeguarded by payment for an hour and a half of non-work every hour of work beyond the eight."

"The matter has been agitated for more than a year. The public has been made familiar with the demands of the men and the arguments urged in favor of them and even more familiar with the whole commerce of the railroads."

The president then explained that the matter came some three weeks ago to a final issue and resulted in a complete deadlock between the parties. He pointed to the effect of a strike upon the nation. He said that cities would be cut off from their food supplies, the whole commerce of the nation paralyzed, men of every sort and occupation thrown out of employment.

President Sees Duty.

"Just so soon as it became evident that mediation under the existing law had failed and that arbitration had been rendered impossible by the attitude of the men," the president said, "I considered it my duty to confer with the representatives of both the railroads and the brotherhoods and myself offer mediation, not as an arbitrator, but merely as spokesman of the nation, in the interest of justice, indeed, and as a friend of both parties, but not as judge, only as the representative of 100,000,000 of men, women and children who would pay the price, the incalculable price of loss and suffering."

"It seemed to me, in considering the subject matter of the controversy, that the whole spirit of the time and the preponderant evidence of recent economic experience spoke for the eight hour day. It has been adjudged by the thought and experience of recent years a thing upon which society is justified in insisting as in the interest of health, efficiency, contentment and a general increase of economic vigor."

"I therefore proposed that the eight hour day be adopted by the railway managements and put into practice for the present as a substitute for the existing 10 hour basis of pay and service; that I should appoint, with the permission of the congress, a small commission to observe the results of the change, carefully studying the figures of the altered operating costs, not only

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